JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RIGBY, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT and COMPLIANCE REPORTS with INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Gerald W. Searle, CPA Farrell J. Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA Joshua R, Searle, CPA William L. Tanner Jr., CPA

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Jefferson County - State of Idaho Rigby, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Jefferson County, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jefferson County, Idaho's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County, Idaho, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Jefferson County, Idaho, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Jefferson County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the

override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Jefferson County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 35 - 50, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jefferson County, Idaho's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Analysis of Expenditures by Fund – Budgetary Basis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Searle Hart & associates, PLLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2023, on our consideration of Jefferson County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Jefferson County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Idaho Falls, Idaho March 20, 2023



JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Total
ASSETS	Activities	_	Total
Cash - County Treasurer	\$ 20,078,785	\$	20,078,785
Cash with trustee	-		-
Taxes receivable	147,689		147,689
Receivables	108,660		108,660
Due from other funds	-		-
Due from other governmental			
agencies	1,809,272		1,809,272
Inventories	-		-
Other assets	-		-
Capital Assets			
Land and improvements not			
being depreciated	1,846,205		1,846,205
Construction in progress	585,499		585,499
Infrastructure and infrastructure in progress			
progress	650,439		650,439
Buildings	18,494,064		18,494,064
Equipment and furniture	13,361,122		13,361,122
Equipment and furniture - leased	-		-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,309,252)	_	(16,309,252)
Total Capital Assets	18,628,077	_	18,628,077
TOTAL ASSETS	40,772,483	_	40,772,483
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 4,180,531	\$_	4,180,531

		Governmental Activities		Total
LIABILITIES	-		_	
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	\$	894,792	\$	894,792
Due to other governmental				
agencies		2,502,825		2,502,825
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year				
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		320,000		320,000
Accrued interest		19,989		19,989
Compensated absences		263,587		263,587
Claims and judgments		-		-
Due in more than one year				
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		3,150,000		3,150,000
Accrued interest		-		-
Compensated absences		65,896		65,896
Landfill closure and postclosure costs		67,564		67,564
Net pension liability	-	7,716,423	_	7,716,423
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	15,001,076	. <u> </u>	15,001,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Unamortized bond premium		312,988		312,988
Pension	-	34,441	_	34,441
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	-	347,429	_	347,429
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		15,070,524		15,070,524
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		-		-
Debt service		-		-
Other projects		-		-
Unrestricted	-	14,533,985	. <u> </u>	14,533,985
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	29,604,509	\$_	29,604,509

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Program Revenue				
					Operating		Capital
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions
Primary government:	•	_		•			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	5,509,763	\$ 1,536,714	\$	404,458	\$	408,993
Public safety		6,972,219	2,332,308		270		-
Public works		4,950,212	116,624		4,882,064		-
Health, welfare and sanitation		1,659,570	2,795,089		6,800		-
Culture and recreation		673,535	118,356		-		-
Education		50,850	-		-		-
Conservation and economic development		1,179,415	51,283		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	-	119,226	-				
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	S .	21,114,790	6,950,374		5,293,592		408,993
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	21,114,790	\$ 6,950,374	\$	5,293,592	\$	408,993

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Franchise taxes

Public service taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Pension expense

Special item - gain (loss) on sale of asset

Transfers

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS

Change in net position

Net Position, October 1, 2021

NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		anges in Net P		
	rıı		ien	t
Carraman antal				
				T-4-1
Activities		Activities		Total
(2.150.500)	ø		¢.	(2.150.500)
	Þ	-	Э	(3,159,598)
		-		(4,639,641) 48,476
		-		1,142,319
		-		(555,179)
		-		(50,850)
		-		(1,128,132)
		_		(1,126,132)
(117,220)				(117,220)
(8,461,831)				(8,461,831)
(8,461,831)				(8,461,831)
8,251,915		-		8,251,915
-		-		-
		-		7,578
		-		247,473
		-		3,095,339
		-		(1,268,209)
		-		1,067,063
		-		(2,089,336)
		-		18,300
				74,192
9,404,315		-		9,404,315
942,484		_		942,484
,		_		28,662,025
	\$		\$	29,604,509
	Governmental Activities (3,159,598) (4,639,641)	Governmental Activities (3,159,598) \$ (4,639,641) 48,476 1,142,319 (555,179) (50,850) (1,128,132) (119,226) (8,461,831) (8,461,831) (8,461,831) 8,251,915 7,578 247,473 3,095,339 (1,268,209) 1,067,063 (2,089,336) 18,300 74,192 9,404,315 942,484 28,662,025	Governmental Activities (3,159,598) \$ - (4,639,641) - 48,476 - 1,142,319 (555,179) (50,850) - (1,128,132) (119,226) - (8,461,831) - (8,461,831) - (8,461,831) - (8,461,831) - (1,268,209) 1,067,063 (2,089,336) - 18,300 - 74,192 - (9,404,315) - (9,404,315) - (9,404,315) - (9,404,315) - (1,268,2025) - (1,268,2025) - (1,268,2025) - (1,268,209) - (1,268,2	Governmental type Activities (3,159,598) \$ - \$ (4,639,641) - 48,476 - 1,142,319 - (555,179) - (50,850) - (11,28,132) - (119,226) (8,461,831) - (8,461,831) - 8,251,915

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,659,791 \$ 1,708,100 \$ 13,816 \$ 22 Cash with trustee	1,472
	9,794 -
	1,407 - -
	2,673
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 4,736,632 \$ 2,527,957 \$ 281,483 \$ 87	2,673
LIABILITIES	
Warrants payable \$ 162,085 \$ 409,681 \$ 13,282 \$ 10 Negative cash	3,714
Due to other funds	- - - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES <u>162,085</u> <u>409,681</u> <u>13,282</u> <u>10</u>	3,714
DEFERRED INFLOWSRevenue unavailable for use59,379779,9902	5,460
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted	-
	3,499
TOTAL FUND BALANCES 4,515,168 2,118,199 258,211 74	3,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES \$ 4,736,632 \$ 2,527,957 \$ 281,483 \$ 87	2,673

Solid Waste	 ARPA	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 6,989,777	\$ 2,502,825	\$ 3,983,032	\$ 20,078,813
-	-	37,695	147,689
108,660	-	103,700	1,809,272 108,660
-	- -	- -	- -
7,098,437	2,502,825	4,124,427	22,144,434
	-		
\$ 7,098,437	\$ 2,502,825	\$ 4,124,427	\$ 22,144,434
\$ 7,772	\$ -	\$ 198,258 28	\$ 894,792 28
-	2,502,825	-	2,502,825
	-		
7,772	2,502,825	198,286	3,397,645
27,069	-	32,873	154,848
-	-	-	_
7,063,596	- - -	3,893,268	14,076,773 4,515,168
7,063,596	-	3,893,268	18,591,941
\$ 7,098,437	\$ 2,502,825	\$ 4,124,427	\$ 22,144,434



JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

Total fund balance, governmental funds:	\$ 18,591,941
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	18,628,077
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	-
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	-
Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as revenue unavailable for use in the fund financial statements. The unamortized bond premium is reported as a deferred inflow on the Statement of Net Position, but is not included in the fund financial statements.	(158,140)
A net pension liability for the measured portion of the present value of projected benefit payments is reported on the Statement of Net Position, but not in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows associated with the net pension liability. Deferred inflows associated with the net pension liability. Net pension liability.	4,180,531 (34,441) (7,716,423)
Some liabilities, (such as notes payable, capital lease contracts payable, long-term compensated absences, and bonds payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	(3,887,036)
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position:	\$ 29,604,509

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	_	General	_	Road and Bridge		District Court	Justice
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	3,935,073	\$	-	\$	543,124 \$	1,837,293
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		247,473		640		-	-
Licenses and permits		1,000,459		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenues		700,442		4,882,064		540,477	1,477,788
Charges for services		362,625		116,624		111,327	1,888,120
Fees and fines		-		-		79,780	-
Investment earnings		(1,268,209)		-		-	-
Miscellaneous	-	40,973	-	248,761	-	7,850	28,269
TOTAL REVENUES	-	5,018,836	-	5,248,089	. <u>-</u>	1,282,558	5,231,470
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		3,610,777		-		1,580,601	-
Public safety		562,832		-		-	5,917,181
Public works		-		3,976,616		-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation		17,035		_		-	-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	-
Education		-		-		-	-
Conservation and economic development		557,569		-		-	-
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-		-	-
Interest and other charges		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		39,661	_	341,803	_		39,693
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	4,787,874	_	4,318,419	_	1,580,601	5,956,874
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		230,962		929,670		(298,043)	(725,404)
•						, , ,	, ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from long-term debt, net Proceeds from sale of assets		-		10 200		-	-
		-		18,300		-	-
Other sources		-		-		-	-
Other uses		-		-		9.000	-
Transfers in		630,739		-		8,000	-
Transfers out	•	(11,400)	-	-	-		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	619,339	-	18,300	-	8,000	
Net change in fund balances		850,301		947,970		(290,043)	(725,404)
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021	-	3,664,867	_	1,170,229	-	548,254	1,468,903
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022	\$	4,515,168	\$	2,118,199	\$	258,211 \$	743,499

			Other	Total
Solid			Governmental	Governmental
Waste		ARPA	Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,908,015	\$ 8,223,505
_		-	-	248,113
-		-	270	1,000,729
-		398,221	785,928	8,784,920
2,992,409		-	616,022	6,087,127
_		-	-	79,780
_		_	=	(1,268,209)
			546,299	872,152
2,992,409		398,221	3,856,534	24,028,117
			- , ,	
-		-	716,836	5,908,214
_		-	377,549	6,857,562
_		10,000	679,717	4,666,333
1,139,819		_	331,614	1,488,468
-		_	592,188	592,188
_		_	50,850	50,850
_		_	579,043	1,136,612
			377,013	1,130,012
-		-	305,000	305,000
-		-	164,594	164,594
845,477		388,221	16,537	1,671,392
1,985,296		398,221	3,813,928	22,841,213
1,007,113		-	42,606	1,186,904
-		<u>-</u>	_	18,300
_				10,500
_				
_		_	522,994	1,161,733
(469,594)		_	(606,547)	(1,087,541)
	,			
(469,594)			(83,553)	92,492
537,519		-	(40,947)	1,279,396
6,526,077			3,934,215	17,312,545
\$ 7,063,596	\$		\$ 3,893,268	\$ 18,591,941



JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 1,279,396
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the difference between capital outlays and other uses of \$1,671,392 and depreciation of \$1,196,094 in the current period.	475,298
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	-
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. This is the net change in revenue unavailable for use.	26,001
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	305,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Net change in accrued interest not reflected in the governmental funds Bond premium amortization Net (increase) decrease in landfill closure and postclosure costs	10,592 34,776 825
Net change in pension expense not reflected in the governmental funds	(1,149,043)
Governmental funds do not recognize compensated absences as expenditures until they are paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats compensated absences as	
a long-term liability. This amount is the net change in the compensated absences.	 (40,361)
Change in net position of governmental activities:	\$ 942,484

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

		Private Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	2,452,084 \$	615,334
Receivables			304,347
TOTAL ASSETS		2,452,084	919,681
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		497,169	-
Payable to the State of Idaho		-	_
Payable to taxing districts		-	128,807
Due to other funds		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		497,169	128,807
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for individuals, organizations and	\$	1 05/ 015 \$	700 874
other governments	Ф	1,954,915 \$	790,874

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Private		
	Purpose			Custodial
		Trust Funds		Funds
ADDITIONS				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	14,790,166
Licenses and permits		280,271		-
Intergovernmental revenues		32,876		2,800,098
Charges for services		_		192,530
Fines and forfeitures		1,627,608		84,633
Investment earnings		2,457		=
Miscellaneous and contributions		29,522,073		2,551,078
TOTAL ADDITIONS		31,465,285		20,418,505
DEDUCTIONS				
Trust remittance		30,817,053		20,302,404
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		30,817,053		20,302,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		648,232		116,101
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in		-		-
Statutory transfers out		(74,192)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)		(74,192)		- _
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses		574,040		116,101
Net Position, October 1, 2021		1,380,875		674,773
NET POSITION, September 30, 2022	\$	1,954,915	\$	790,874







JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Jefferson County is organized and operates under the provisions of the Idaho Constitution and the accounting policies and practices of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governments, except for the exceptions noted hereafter:

A. GENERAL

The financial statements listed in the table of contents have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial position.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity does not include those funds under the direct jurisdiction of other governing boards, elected or appointed, that exercise substantial or total administrative and supervisory authority in their name and are considered to be substantially autonomous from Jefferson County's government and are not included in this report. In addition, the County receives and disburses money from various agency accounts held for other entities. These accounts are maintained for others only in fiduciary capacity and beyond that capacity are not included in this report.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic financial statements consist of both government-wide statements and fund statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund statements focus on individual funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements present information on all non-fiduciary activities of the government. The County's activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide statements except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The *Statement of Net Position* presents the County's non-fiduciary assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is restricted when constraints placed upon it are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. The County does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is used to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Separate statements are provided for *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary funds*. For governmental and proprietary funds, the emphasis is on *major funds*, with each displayed in a separate column.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** This fund is the principal operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road & Bridge Fund This fund accounts for maintenance of County roads and bridges, and is funded primarily from state highway user proceeds.
- **District Court Fund** This fund accounts for the operations of the District Court. It is funded by general property tax revenues, grants, sales tax, charges for services, fines, and penalties.
- **Justice Fund** This fund accounts for all law enforcement activities of the Sheriff's office and jail. It is funded primarily from property tax, prisoner housing and state shared revenues.
- Solid Waste Fund This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County's solid waste disposal and landfill. It is funded primarily from user fees.
- American Recovery Plan Act Fund (ARPA) The ARPA fund accounts for funds received under the federal grant and expenditures of the ARPA grant money.

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The remaining governmental funds are considered to be nonmajor funds and are consolidated in a nonmajor funds column (on the combined fund statements). The nonmajor funds are displayed individually in combining schedules.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds account for the County's general activities including current expendable financial resources, and are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. The following are the County's governmental fund types:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used to acquire major capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Debt Service Funds – The Debt Service Fund is used to service interest and principal payments for the County's general obligation bond. It is funded by transfers from other funds.

<u>Proprietary Fund Types – Enterprise Funds</u>

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds account for operations that meet one of two criteria: 1) the activity runs in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Moreover, the intent of the governing body is that the ongoing operating costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

Trust and Agency Funds – Private Purpose Trust Funds account for funds held in a trustee capacity. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Other revenues are recognized in the year in which the related sales or other activity has occurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating items, such as interest expense and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared and reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related liability is incurred.

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION

Following are the County's significant policies regarding recognition and reporting of certain assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and equity.

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of demand deposits with financial institutions. Cash and cash equivalents also consist of pooled investments, long-term investments in bonds and certificates of deposits.

The County pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested as allowed by Idaho Code. State statues authorize the County to invest in certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement County bonds, registered warrants of state and local governmental entities, time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes, bonds, treasury bills, debentures or other similar obligations of the United States Government and the Farm Credit System and repurchase agreements.

Investments are stated at fair market value determined by quoted market prices. Interest income is recorded in the General fund of the County unless otherwise specified by law.

Receivables

Receivables include accrued amounts for sales taxes and delinquent property taxes, landfill fees, local improvement districts, and 911 fees. Receivables from other governments are reasonably assured; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied in September of each year and become payable on December 20 and June 20 of the following year for real property taxes and December 20 for personal property taxes.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of December 20 following levy in September. Therefore, no amount has been set aside for an allowance of doubtful accounts. Property taxes not collected before December 1, 2022 are classified as revenue unavailable for use in the fund statements.

Capital Assets

The County defines a capital asset as an asset with an initial cost of \$10,000 or more for equipment, \$50,000 or more for land and buildings, and \$250,000 or more for infrastructure and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date of acquisition. Jefferson County is not required to retroactively implement infrastructure asset reporting and has elected not to do so.

Capital assets purchased in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements. Interest expense for capital asset construction related to governmental activities is not capitalized. Interest expense incurred during construction of capital assets related to business-type activities is capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Building, equipment, infrastructure, and other depreciable assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of 5 to 70 years.

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Issuance costs are expensed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows is net position on the government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund statements, and fund balance on the governmental fund statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonspendable and Spendable Fund Balances

Fund balance is separated into nonspendable and spendable fund balance. The following is a list of nonspendable and spendable fund balance designations for Jefferson County:

Nonspendable: A fund balance that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: A fund balance with constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: A fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the County Commissioners. It cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commissioners remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit it.

Assigned: A fund balance that can only be spent for purposes officially delegated by authority (budget) or is constrained by governmental intent, but is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned: A fund balance is not assigned to any specific purpose or is a negative fund balance. The County can use the positive unassigned fund balance for expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

F. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This financial statement element represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period, or periods, so it will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until that time. Deferred outflows associated with the net pension liability are reported on the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period, or periods, so it will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. Deferred inflows for revenue unavailable for use are reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Deferred inflows associated with the net pension liability and the unamortized bond premium are reported on the Statement of Net Position.

G. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Idaho Constitution and the Idaho Department of Revenue and Taxation prescribe the budget process and procedures for governmental subdivisions. Jefferson County has satisfied the basic requirements prescribed in the following particulars:

- 1) Formulation of subsequent year budget requirements by internal County officers and personnel.
- 2) Perusal of formulated budgets by the County Commission and its clerk.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 3) Presentation of preliminary and final budget requirements in formal news media of the County.
- 4) Open hearings to permit taxpayer input before such budgets are formally adopted.

Subsequent control budgets following adoption are accomplished through a budget-expenditures control system with interim status accounting and reporting made available to officers and employees for management purposes. Budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting. The County does not maintain a formal encumbrance accounting system.

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Accumulated unpaid vacation and other employee benefits are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds on the accrual basis of accounting. Such amounts are not accrued in governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. At September 30, 2022, unrecorded fund liabilities included approximately \$329,483 of total leave time accumulations and are considered normal to the County operation.

Vacation and compensatory leave are recorded as an expenditure when used in governmental funds and as an expense when earned in proprietary funds and in the government-wide statements. A liability for unused vacation and compensatory leave is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

I. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in governmental funds when "measurable and available." Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Jefferson County considers property tax revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditure reimbursement and state revenues that are received within 30 days after year-end will be booked as revenue. All other revenues are booked as revenue in the year they are received. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

In proprietary funds and government-wide statements, revenues are recognized when earned.

J. EXPENDITURE/EXPENSE RECOGNITION

In governmental funds, expenditures are generally recorded when the related liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisition and construction are reported as expenditures in the period they are acquired.

In proprietary funds and government-wide statements, expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

Operating expenses for enterprise funds, if applicable, include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available, the County generally uses restricted resources first, then committed or assigned resources and then unassigned resources.

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. INTERFUND ACTIVITY AND BALANCES

Government-wide Statements

In general, eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activity.

Governmental Fund Statements

Interfund transactions for goods and services provided and used are reported as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Cash transfers between funds of the County are reported as other financing sources and uses in the governmental fund statements.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash deposits and investments by the County Treasurer (including \$64 petty cash) as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$23,146,203, of which \$6,443,786 represented demand deposits and cash on hand and \$16,702,417 represented investments in certificates of deposits, government backed securities and US Treasury notes. Of the total deposits for the County, \$20,078,785 was allocated to governmental funds.

The majority of deposits and simple investments by the County are not collateralized nor are they required to be by Idaho state statute.

Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits in financial institutions and cash on hand was \$6,443,786. The bank balance was \$5,607,386. The amount not covered by FDIC insurance was \$266,486.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and repurchase agreements. The fair value of the County's investments at year end was \$16,702,417. The amount not covered by SIPC or FDIC insurance was \$15,202,417.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Jefferson County has a formal written investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The County has a formal written investment policy that addresses credit risk. The County follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section, Title 57-100) and applicable investment rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67, 67-1210.

Custodial Credit Risk

The County has a formal written investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk by investing amounts that keep the funds within FDIC insurance or government faith and backing. In addition, the credibility of brokers, dealers, and banks are checked and analyzed. The criterion for selection includes registration as a dealer with the Department of Finance and the designation of a bank as a public depository institution as regulated by Idaho Code, Section 67-2739.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County has a formal written investment policy that addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring that investments be diversified.

At year end, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	E-1- M-1	< 1	1-5	>5	D -4:	0/
Type FHLB	Fair Value \$ 1,753,350	< 1 year -	years \$ 1,753,350	years -	Rating S&P AA+	10.5%
THED	\$ 1,755,550	φ -	Φ 1,733,330	J	S&I AA	10.570
FNMA	1,381,265	-	1,381,265	-	S&P AA+	8.3%
FHLMC	1,023,088	-	1,023,088	-	S&P AA+	6.1%
FFCB	6,656,711	852,162	5,804,549	-	S&P AA+	39.8%
STRIPS	469,630	-	469,630	-	S&P AA+	2.9%
US TREAS	1,046,935	-	1,046,935	-	S&P AA+	6.3%
Municipal Bonds	457,436	-	457,436	-	S&P AA+	2.7%
Money Market	153,660	153,660	-	-	N/A	.9%
Certificates of Deposit	3,760,342	1,368,503	2,391,839		N/A	22.5%
Total Investments	\$ <u>16,702,417</u>	\$ 2,374,325	\$14,328,092	\$		100%

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value accounting guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires a government to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Based on the inputs used to determine fair value, a three-level hierarchy is used as follows:

- Level 1: fair value is determined using quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: fair value is determined using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: fair value is determined using unobservable inputs for an asset or liability and requires the government to develop its own assumptions, based on the best information available in the circumstances, about the considerations market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table represents the County's investments that are measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis. The County does not have any financial assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

	 Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Certificates of deposit Governmental bond funds	\$ 12,942,076	\$ 2,723,974	\$ -	\$ 2,273,974 12,942,076
	\$ 12,942,076	\$ 2,723,974	\$ 	\$ 15,666,050

The government bond funds are valued using quoted market prices. The certificates of deposits are investments in traded certificates of deposit, which are reported in concurrent investments, are based on quoted market prices for identical investments in an inactive market or similar investments in markets that are either active or inactive.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance 10-01-2021	_	Additions	_	Deletions		Balance 09-30-2022
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,846,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,846,205
Construction in progress	_	453,585	-	131,914	-		_	585,499
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	2,299,790	-	131,914	_	-	_	2,431,704
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		18,494,064		-		-		18,494,064
Infrastructure		650,439		-		-		650,439
Machinery and equipment		11,882,223		1,539,478		(60,579)		13,361,122
Buildings and improvements – leased		-		-		_		-
Machinery and equipment – leased	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	31,026,726	-	1,539,478	_	(60,579)	_	32,505,625
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings and improvements		(5,855,583)		(478,666)		-		(6,334,249)
Infrastructure		(216,814)		(43,363)		-		(260,177)
Machinery and equipment	_	(9,101,340)	_	(674,065)	_	60,579	_	(9,714,826)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(15,173,737)	-	(1,196,094)	_	60,579	_	(16,309,252)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	15,852,989	-	343,384	_		_	16,196,373
Governmental activity, capital assets, net	\$_	18,152,779	\$_	475,298	\$_		\$_	18,628,077

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to current function of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	Depreciation
General government	\$ 430,466
Public safety	164,171
Public works	298,056
Health, welfare and sanitation	175,146
Culture and recreation	81,086
Conservation and economic development	47,169
Total governmental activities	\$1,196,094_

4. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Base Plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement of 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2022, it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The County's contributions were \$922,437 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

4. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was .19591005 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense/(revenue) of \$2,089,336. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 848,525 1,258,008	\$	34,441
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,775,458		-
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the	, ,		
employer's proportionate contributions	39,186		-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	259,354	_	
Total	\$ 4,180,531	\$	34,441

A portion of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$259,354 for the year ended September 30, 2022, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2022, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30,2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses/(revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023	\$	920,090
2024 2025		998,845 461,965
2026	-	1,466,650
Total	\$	3,847,550

4. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, <u>Idaho Code</u>, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.05%
Salary inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expenses)	6.35%
Net Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Contributing Members, Service Retirement Members, and Beneficiaries

General Employees and All Beneficiaries – Males Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%

General Employees and All Beneficiaries – Females Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%

Teachers - Males Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%

 $Teachers-Females\ Pub-2010\ Teacher\ Tables,\ increased\ 21\%$

Fire & Police – Males Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%

Fire & Police – Females Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%

Disabled Members - Males Pub-2010 Disable Tables, increased 38%

Disabled Members – Females Pub-2010 Disable Tables, increased 36%

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on the approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are show below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

4. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2022.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0.00%	0.00%
Large Cap	18.00%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11.00%	4.70%
International Equity	15.00%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10.00%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20.00%	(0.25)%
TIPS	10.00%	(0.30)%
Real Estate	8.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.35%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.35%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (5.35%)	Discount Rate (6.35%)	1% Increase (7.35%)		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension					
liability (asset)	\$13,618,731	\$7,716,423	\$2,885,537		

4. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At September 30, 2022, the County reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

5. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The county offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed annuity contracts administered by PEBSCO Deferred Compensation Plan Administrator.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASES

Long-term Obligation Activity:

During the year ending September 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term debt:

Governmental activities	 Balance 10-01-2021	 Additions	•	Reductions	Balance 09-30-2022		Oue within one year
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	\$ 289,122 30,581	\$ 40,361	\$	- \$ 10,592	329,483 19,989	\$	263,587 19,989
Net pension liability Refunding bonds – 2012B	(156,364) 3,775,000	7,872,787		305,000	7,716,423 3,470,000		320,000
Landfill closure costs	68,389	 -		825	67,564		
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,006,728	\$ 7,913,148	\$	316,417 \$	11,603,459	\$ _	603,576

<u>Debt Service Requirements:</u>

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Refunding Bond 2012B - Varies								
Year		Principal		Interest						
2023	\$	320,000	\$	148,900						
2024		335,000		132,900						
2025		355,000		116,150						
2026		370,000		98,400						
2027		385,000		83,600						
2028 - 2031		1,705,000		173,800						
	•									
	\$	3,470,000	\$	753,750						

Debt service for governmental fund types is budgeted and expended from the fund to which the debt belongs.

Total interest incurred and expensed in the government-wide statements was \$119,226 and \$164,594 in the fund based statements.

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and other governmental funds.

7. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are occasionally claims and lawsuits pending against the County. These claims and lawsuits are generally handled by the County's insurance company and the probability of potential loss in excess of insurance coverage is remote.

8. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

Idaho IDAPA 16, Title 01, Chapter 6 and federal regulations require county governments to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste.

Jefferson County has two landfill sites: the Mud Lake Landfill, which has ceased accepting waste, and the Circular Butte Landfill, which is currently accepting waste.

Mud Lake Landfill

The Mud Lake Landfill ceased accepting waste and a final cover was placed on the landfill site during 1996. Subsurface monitoring is in place and tests performed since 1997 verify that there are no contamination problems at that site. Monitoring tests are performed every six months.

The surface of the landfill has been accepted as a closed site. The County expects the cost of monitoring to be \$4,000 per year with expected termination within 3 years. Monitoring costs are expensed as they are incurred. Total remaining monitoring cost is projected to be \$12,000.

Circular Butte Landfill

The Circular Butte Landfill was site certified in 1996 and opened for waste placement. The landfill is presently accepting waste from various counties and has a life expectancy of 65 or more years. The site is a class D approved landfill located in an arid environment with no adjacent development. As each cell is filled, the top cover is placed and seeded as a final cover.

The character of the terrain is favorable to long-term containment and no spread of environmental contamination is anticipated. Test wells are in place to monitor subsurface activity.

Jefferson County reports a portion of closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$67,564 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability as of September 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 35% of the estimated capacity of the Circular Butte Landfill and 5 years of postclosure care monitoring of the Mud Lake Landfill. Jefferson County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$91,190 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

8. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)

The estimated closure and postclosure costs are reevaluated each year and any adjustment in estimates are reported in the current year.

Jefferson County is not funding the future landfill costs, except through current-year budgets. Interpretation of existing rules and regulations by county officials supports the non-funding approach. The county may, however, find that funding practices may be inadequate or that additional costs of closure and postclosure care may exceed those expected. In addition, changes in applicable laws, technology or interpretations thereof may require increased or additional future charges for landfill use, or from taxation.

9. RESTRICTED AND ENCUMBERED FUND BALANCES

There are no restricted or encumbered fund balances as of September 30, 2022.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The County has not been directly involved in material related party transactions that would violate the Idaho Code or Federal Regulations.

11. MATERIAL VIOLATION OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

There are no known violations of direct finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

Jefferson County has elected to carry general liability insurance for the year ended September 30, 2022, through ICRMP. The County also established an HRA VEBA (Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association) for health insurance benefits. This trust is administered by Jefferson County with the claims being administered through Blue Cross. The employee deductible is \$2,500, with the County subject to a maximum of \$75,000 per employee less the deductible. There is a built in stop loss if claims exceed \$74,000 in a month and also an aggregating maximum limit on total claims. During the fiscal year 2021-2022, contributions and reimbursements into the plan totaled \$2,532,155, claims, administrative expenses and premium payments totaled \$2,198,876 with no reimbursements receivable, leaving a fund balance of \$883,502. At September 30, 2022, estimated claims incurred but not reported totaled \$132,963.

13. NEGATIVE CASH BALANCES, DEFICITS AND INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

There was one fund, Sheriff Highway Safety Grant, with a negative cash balance of \$28 as of September 30, 2022.

There was one fund, Sheriff Highway Safety Grant, with a fund deficit of \$28 as of September 30, 2022.

There were no interfund receivables or payables as of September 30, 2022.

14. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfer from: Transfer to:	General	 Indigent	 Solid Waste	 Auditor Trust	Revolving Weed	. <u>-</u>	Totals
General District Court	\$ - 8.000	\$ 556,547	\$ - -	\$ 74,192 -	\$ -	\$	630,739 8,000
Reevaluation Weeds Debt Service	3,400	- - -	- - 469,594	- - -	50,000		3,400 50,000 469,594
Total	\$ 11,400	\$ 556,547	\$ 469,594	\$ 74,192	\$ 50,000	\$_	1,161,733

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the various funds to finance programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been considered through the report date of March 20, 2023. In November 2022 the County paid in full the outstanding balance on the Idaho Bond Bank Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B in the amount of \$3,498,619.46 which consisted of \$3,470,000 in principal and \$28,619.46 in interest. There are no other known subsequent events that will have a material impact on the operation of the County.

16. UNREALIZED INVESTMENT LOSS

Government accounting standards, requires that investments are valued on the balance sheet at fair market value and changes in the fair value of investments, should be recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Realized gains and losses should not be displayed separately from changes in fair value in the investments.

Below is a reconciliation of the investment earnings as reported on the Statement of Activity (pages 3 and 4) and the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (pages 8 and 9).

Interest and Dividend Income	\$	145,879
Unrealized loss on investments		
Change in market value		(1,414,088)
Investment earnings as shown		
on financial statements	\$ _	(1,268,209)



JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) GENERAL FUND

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS				BUDGETARY	
	•	ORIGINAL		FINAL	•	BASIS	
REVENUES	•						
Property taxes	\$	3,800,181	\$	3,800,181	\$	3,953,290	
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		-		-		501,562	
Fees and fines		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		802,256		802,256		1,000,459	
Intergovernmental		950,000		950,000		933,420	
Charges for services		265,420		265,420		362,625	
Investment income		175,000		175,000		(1,234,365)	
Miscellaneous		24,500		24,500	•	39,863	
		6,017,357	-	6,017,357		5,556,854	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		4,147,441		4,147,441		3,591,107	
Public safety		681,665		681,665		562,832	
Public works		-		-		-	
Health, welfare and sanitation		24,213		24,213		17,035	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Education		-		-		-	
Conservation and economic development		599,629		599,629		543,226	
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest and other charges		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		184,150	-	184,150		73,674	
		5,637,098		5,637,098		4,787,874	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		380,259		380,259		768,980	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		-		-	
Proceeds from sale capital assets		-		-		-	
Other sources		-		-		-	
Other uses		-		-		-	
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-	•	619,339	
Total other financing sources (uses)						619,339	
Net change in fund balances		380,259		380,259		1,388,319	
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021		3,664,867	_	3,664,867	•	3,664,867	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	\$	4,045,126	\$_	4,045,126	\$	5,053,186	

,	GAAP DIFFERENCES	GAAP BASIS
-	DITTERENCES	<u> </u>
\$	(19 217) ¢	2 025 072
Þ	(18,217) \$	3,935,073
	(254,089)	247,473
	-	-
	-	1,000,459
	(232,978)	700,442
	-	362,625
	(33,844)	(1,268,209)
	1,110	40,973
	(538,018)	5,018,836
	19,670	3,610,777
	-	562,832
	_	
	_	17,035
	_	
	_	
	14,343	557,569
	14,545	337,309
	-	-
	- (2.4.0.4.0.)	-
	(34,013)	39,661
		4,787,874
	(538,018)	230,962
	(330,010)	230,702
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	630,739	630,739
	(630,739)	(11,400)
		619,339
	(538,018)	850,301
		3,664,867
\$	(538,018) \$	4,515,168

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) ROAD AND BRIDGE

	-	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	MOUNTS FINAL		BUDGETARY BASIS	
REVENUES	•		_		•	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		-		-		640
Fees and fines		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		6,550,000		6,550,000		4,923,960
Charges for services		80,000		80,000		116,624
Investment income		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	•	1,200,000	-	1,200,000	•	267,061
		7,830,000	_	7,830,000		5,308,285
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		-		-		-
Public safety						-
Public works		7,851,990		7,851,990		4,034,772
Health, welfare and sanitation		-		-		-
Culture and recreation Education		-		-		-
		-		-		-
Conservation and economic development Debt service:		-		-		-
Principal		_		_		_
Interest and other charges		_		_		_
Capital outlay		511,400	_	511,400		283,647
	-	8,363,390	_	8,363,390		4,318,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(533,390)		(533,390)		989,866
•		, , ,		, , ,		,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term debt Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		-
Other sources		_		_		_
Other uses		_				_
Transfers in		_		_		_
Transfers out		-	_	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	<u>-</u>	-	-		
Net change in fund balances		(533,390)		(533,390)		989,866
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021		1,170,229	_	1,170,229		1,170,229
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	\$	636,839	\$ _	636,839	\$	2,160,095

	GAAP	GAAP
I	DIFFERENCES	BASIS
Φ.	Φ.	
\$	- \$	640
	-	640
	-	_
	(41,896)	4,882,064
	-	116,624
	-	, -
	(18,300)	248,761
	_	
	(60,196)	5,248,089
	-	-
	(58,156)	3,976,616
	(30,130)	5,770,010
	_	_
	-	_
	-	-
	-	
	-	-
	-	-
	58,156	341,803
		4,318,419
	(60,196)	929,670
	(00,190)	929,070
	-	_
	18,300	18,300
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	10.200	10.200
	18,300	18,300
	(41,896)	947,970
	(41,090)	941,910
	_	1,170,229
\$	(41,896) \$	2,118,199

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) DISTRICT COURT

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			BUDGETARY
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	BASIS
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 533,205	\$	533,205	\$ 542,118
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	-		-	-
Fees and fines	-		-	79,780
Licenses and permits	_		-	-
Intergovernmental	177,577		177,577	370,992
Charges for services	63,300		63,300	111,327
Investment income	-		-	
Miscellaneous	1,266,500	_	1,266,500	7,850
	2,040,582	_	2,040,582	1,112,067
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1,670,231		1,670,231	1,578,483
Public safety	_		-	-
Public works	-		-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-	-
Culture and recreation	-		-	-
Education	-		-	-
Conservation and economic development	-		-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-		-	-
Interest and other charges	-		-	-
Capital outlay	17,000	_	17,000	2,118
	1,687,231	_	1,687,231	1,580,601
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	353,351		353,351	(468,534)
over expenditures	333,331		333,331	(100,331)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	-		-	-
Proceeds from sale capital assets	-		-	-
Other sources	-		-	-
Other uses	-		-	-
Transfers in	-		-	8,000
Transfers out		_	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	-	8,000
Net change in fund balances	353,351		353,351	(460,534)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021	548,254	_	548,254	548,254
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	\$ 901,605	\$ _	901,605	\$ 87,720

GAAP	GAAP
<u>DIFFERENCES</u>	BASIS
\$ 1,006 \$	543,124
-	79,780
169,485 -	540,477 111,327
<u>-</u>	7,850
170,491	1,282,558
2,118	1,580,601
- -	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
(2,118)	
<u> </u>	1,580,601
170,491	(298,043)
_	-
-	-
-	-
- -	8,000
	8,000
170,491	(290,043)
	548,254
\$170,491_\$	258,211

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) JUSTICE

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				BUDGETARY
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	•	BASIS
REVENUES				•	
Property taxes	\$ 1,819,433	\$	1,819,433	\$	1,847,905
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	-		-		-
Fees and fines	-		-		-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		-		1,076,725
Charges for services	2,170,799		2,170,799		1,988,934
Investment income	-		-		-
Miscellaneous			-		28,269
	3,990,232		3,990,232		4,941,833
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-		-		_
Public safety	5,920,358		5,920,358		5,911,063
Public works	-		-		-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-
Education	-		-		-
Conservation and economic development	-		-		-
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-		-
Interest and other charges	-		-		-
Capital outlay	195,500		195,500		45,811
	6,115,858		6,115,858		5,956,874
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(2,125,626)		(2,125,626)		(1,015,041)
over expenditures	(2,123,020)		(2,120,020)		(1,015,011)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from long-term debt	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-		-		-
Other sources	-		-		-
Other uses	-		-		-
Transfers in	-		-		-
Transfers out			-		
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		
Net change in fund balances	(2,125,626)		(2,125,626)		(1,015,041)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021	1,468,903		1,468,903		1,468,903
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	\$ (656,723)	\$	(656,723)	\$	453,862

I	GAAP DIFFERENCES	GAAP BASIS				
\$	(10,612) \$	1,837,293				
	- -	-				
	-	-				
	401,063	1,477,788				
	(100,814)	1,888,120				
	<u>-</u>	28,269				
	289,637	5,231,470				
	-	_				
	6,118	5,917,181				
	-	-				
	-	-				
	-	-				
	-	-				
	_	-				
	_	_				
	-	-				
	(6,118)	39,693				
	<u> </u>	5,956,874				
	289,637	(725,404)				
	-	_				
	-	-				
	-	-				
	-	-				
	289,637	(725,404)				
		1,468,903				
\$	289,637 \$	743,499				

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) SOLID WASTE

	BUDGETI	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	- BUDGETARY BASIS	
REVENUES				
Property taxes	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	-	-	-	
Fees and fines	-	-	-	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	
Charges for services	2,380,000	2,380,000	3,048,644	
Investment income	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous			<u> </u>	
	2,380,000	2,380,000	3,048,644	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	
Health, welfare and sanitation	3,120,789	3,120,789	1,199,109	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	
Education	-	-	-	
Conservation and economic development	-	-	-	
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	
Interest and other charges	-	-	707 107	
Capital outlay	898,000	898,000	786,187	
	4,018,789	4,018,789	1,985,296	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,638,789)	(1,638,789)	1,063,348	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	
Other sources	-	-	-	
Other uses	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	-	(469,594)	
Transfers out			<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	(469,594)	
Net change in fund balances	(1,638,789)	(1,638,789)	593,754	
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021	6,526,077	6,526,077	6,526,077	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	4,887,288	\$ 4,887,288	\$ 7,119,831	

I	GAAP DIFFERENCES	GAAP BASIS
\$	- \$	_
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	(56,235)	2,992,409
	-	-
	(56,235)	2,992,409
	-	-
	-	-
	(59,290)	1,139,819
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	- -	_
	-	-
	59,290	845,477
	_	1,985,296
	(56,235)	1,007,113
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	469,594	-
	(469,594)	(469,594)
		(469,594)
	(56,235)	537,519
		6,526,077
\$	(56,235) \$	7,063,596

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) ARPA

	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	ED A	AMOUNTS FINAL	BUDGETARY BASIS
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	-		-	-
Fees and fines	-		-	-
Licenses and permits	_		-	-
Intergovernmental	5,800,000		5,800,000	-
Charges for services	-		-	-
Investment income	-		-	-
Miscellaneous			-	
	5,800,000		5,800,000	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-		-	-
Public safety				-
Public works	5,800,000		5,800,000	398,221
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-	-
Culture and recreation	-		-	-
Education	-		-	-
Conservation and economic development	-		-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-		-	-
Interest and other charges	-		-	-
Capital outlay			-	
	5,800,000		5,800,000	398,221
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	-		-	(398,221)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	_		-	_
Proceeds from sale capital assets	-		-	_
Other sources	-		-	-
Other uses	-		-	-
Transfers in	-		-	-
Transfers out			_	
Total other financing sources (uses)			_	
Net change in fund balances	-		-	(398,221)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2021				
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2022	\$ 	\$		\$ (398,221)

	GAAP	GAAP
I	DIFFERENCES	BASIS
\$	- \$	
Φ	- J	-
	-	-
	-	-
	398,221	398,221
	-	-
	-	-
	398,221	398,221
	-	-
	(388,221)	10,000
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	388,221	388,221
		398,221
	398,221	_
	370,221	
	-	-
	-	-
	_	_
	-	-
	_	
	-	
	398,221	-
	-	_
\$	398,221 \$	

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

- 1. The legally adopted budget for Jefferson County State of Idaho is based on the cash basis of accounting. Adjustments to the modified accrual basis of accounting are listed as GAAP differences.
- 2. Debt payments are reclassified from general operating expenditures to show principal and interest portions of cash payments.
- 3. Higher operating expenses may be reflected on the GAAP basis if equipment was purchased at year-end with a partial payment budgeted in the current year and an account payable booked to reflect the final payment in the subsequent year's budget.
- 4. The budget was not amended during the 2022 fiscal year.

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years*

PERSI BASE PLAN

Fiscal Year	Employer's portion of net pension liability	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	_	Employer's covered employee payroll	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2015	0.1681513%	\$ 2,214,279	\$	4,704,965	47.06%	91.38%
2016	0.1626295%	\$ 3,296,750	\$	4,732,850	69.66%	87.26%
2017	0.1651309%	\$ 2,595,574	\$	5,108,216	50.81%	90.68%
2018	0.1785048%	\$ 2,632,977	\$	5,689,846	46.28%	91.69%
2019	0.1936875%	\$ 2,210,889	\$	6,512,248	33.95%	93.79%
2020	0.1978861%	\$ 4,595,177	\$	7,007,272	65.58%	88.22%
2021	0.1979842%	\$ (156,364)	\$	7,318,328	-2.14%	100.36%
2022	0.1959101%	\$ 7,716,423	\$	7,688,960	100.36%	83.09%

Data reported is measured as of June 30.

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years*

PERSI BASE PLAN

Fiscal Year	Statutorily Required Contribution	Contribution in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 538,473	\$ 538,473	\$ -	\$	4,741,557	11.36%
2016	\$ 564,023	\$ 564,023	\$ -	\$	4,965,291	11.36%
2017	\$ 597,360	\$ 597,360	\$ -	\$	5,250,284	11.38%
2018	\$ 666,165	\$ 666,165	\$ _	\$	5,829,449	11.43%
2019	\$ 779,727	\$ 779,727	\$ -	\$	6,746,962	11.56%
2020	\$ 858,762	\$ 858,762	\$ -	\$	7,125,608	12.05%
2021	\$ 889,044	\$ 889,044	\$ -	\$	7,374,784	12.06%
2022	\$ 944,786	\$ 944,786	\$ _	\$	7,834,860	12.06%

Data reported is measured as of September 30.

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PERSI – BASE PLAN For the Year Ended Soutember 20, 2022

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarily Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the employer's contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2022. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule.

	PERSI
	Base Plan
Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of
Remaining amortization period	projected payroll open 100+ years
Asset valuation method	Fair Market value
	ran market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return *	6.35%
Projected salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Postretirement benefit increase	1.00%
Implied price inflation rate	2.30%
Discount Rate – Actuarial Accrued Liability	6.35%

^{*} net of investment expenses







	_	Airport	 County Fair		Crime Defense		Health District
ASSETS							
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	306	\$ 8,280	\$	13,372	\$	28,493
Taxes receivable		145	3,314		-		4,004
Due from other funds		-	-		-		-
Due from other governments Other receivables		-	-		-		-
TOTAL AGGETG	•	451	11.504	•	12.272	_	22 407
TOTAL ASSETS	-	451	 11,594		13,372	-	32,497
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_	-	 		-	_	
TOTAL ASSETS AND							
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ =	451	\$ 11,594	\$	13,372	\$ =	32,497
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Negative cash	-	-	 		-	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	-	 		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Revenue unavailable for use	_	127	 2,891		-		3,477
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-	-		-		_
Restricted		-	-		-		-
Assigned		324	8,703		13,372		29,020
Unassigned	-	-	 		-	-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	324	 8,703		13,372		29,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	451	\$ 11,594	\$	13,372	\$ _	32,497

	-	Special Road and Bridge	-	Consolidated Elections	_	Indigent		Junior College
ASSETS								
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	215,778	\$	361,900	\$	34,287	\$	28,547
Taxes receivable Due from other funds		13,788		-		891		-
Due from other governments		-		26,780		-		14,710
Other receivables	-	-	•		-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	_	229,566		388,680		35,178	_	43,257
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_		-		_	-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	229,566	\$	388,680	\$ =	35,178	\$ _	43,257
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	120,030	\$	22,966	\$	6,344	\$	-
Negative cash	-	-	•		_	-	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	120,030		22,966	_	6,344		
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Revenue unavailable for use	_	12,027			_	779		
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assigned		97,509		365,714		28,055		43,257
Unassigned	_	-		-	_	-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	97,509		365,714	· <u>-</u>	28,055		43,257
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	229,566	\$	388,680	\$_	35,178	\$_	43,257

	Parks and				Senior		Tort	Veteran's Memorial		
-	Recreation		Revaluation	-	Citizens	_	Liability	Maintenance		Weeds
\$	338,661	\$	5,636 5,778 -	\$	9,159 - - -	\$	54,286 3,701	\$ 1,110 75 -	\$	29,601 5,999 -
-				-		-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	
_	338,661		11,414		9,159		57,987	1,185		35,600
-	-	• .	-		-	. <u>-</u>	-	-		
\$ =	338,661	\$	11,414	\$ =	9,159	\$ =	57,987	\$ 1,185	\$ =	35,600
\$	10,492	\$	5,567	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	26,507
-	10,492		5,567	_	-	_	-	-		26,507
_		<u>.</u>	5,046	_			3,230	67		5,229
	-		-		-		-	-		-
	328,169		801		9,159		54,757 -	1,118		3,864
-	328,169		801	_	9,159	. <u>-</u>	54,757	1,118		3,864
\$ _	338,661	\$	11,414	\$ _	9,159	\$ =	57,987	\$ 1,185	\$ =	35,600

	_	Special Highway		Waterways	. (Sheriff's Emergency Communications	S	Payment in Lieu of Taxes
ASSETS								
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	21	\$	124,839	\$	720,053	\$	1,778,454
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		21 210		-
Due from other governments Other receivables		-		-		31,210		-
Other receivables	-		•					
TOTAL ASSETS	_	21		124,839	ı	751,263		1,778,454
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_	-		-				
TOTAL ASSETS AND								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	21	\$	124,839	\$	751,263	\$	1,778,454
DEFERRED COTTEG WG	=		:	121,037	Ψ	731,203	Ψ	1,770,131
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$	1,858	\$	4,039	\$	-
Negative cash	_	-						
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	-		1,858		4,039		
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Revenue unavailable for use	_	-			•			
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		_
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Assigned		21		122,981		747,224		1,778,454
Unassigned	_	-						
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	21		122,981	i	747,224		1,778,454
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$ _	21	\$	124,839	\$	751,263	\$	1,778,454

-	Victim Coordinator Grants	i	Sheriff's Highway Safety Grant	Jefferson Economic Development	Capital Improvement	Opioid Settlement	·	Public Defense Grant
\$	988	\$	-	\$ 89	\$ -	\$ 30,266	\$	56,138
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	-	•	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		-		31,000
	988	ı		89		30,266		87,138
	-		-	-		-		
\$.	988	\$		\$ 89	\$ 	\$ 30,266	\$	87,138
\$	-	\$	28	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- -
	-		28			-		
-	-		- _			-	•	<u> </u>
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	988		(28)	89 -	- - -	30,266		87,138
	988		(28)	89		30,266		87,138
\$.	988	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 89	\$ 	\$ 30,266	\$	87,138

	-	Interlock Monitoring	Federal Emergency Training	 Jump Court Mental Health		Juvenile Drug Court
ASSETS						
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	10,065 \$	1,572	\$ 64,383	\$	56,265
Taxes receivable Due from other funds		-	-	-		-
Due from other governments		-	-	-		-
Other receivables		<u>-</u>	-	 -	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	-	10,065	1,572	 64,383		56,265
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		-	-	 -		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$:	10,065 \$	1,572	\$ 64,383	\$ =	56,265
LIABILITIES						
Warrants payable	\$	355 \$	-	\$ 100	\$	-
Negative cash	-	-	-		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		355	_	 100		
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Revenue unavailable for use		-	-	 -	-	-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted		-	-	-		-
Assigned		9,710	1,572	64,283		56,265
Unassigned		<u> </u>	-	 -	_	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		9,710	1,572	 64,283		56,265
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,065 \$	1,572	\$ 64,383	\$ =	56,265

Range Improvement	Revolving Weed	Dare Grant	Youth Plate	Totals
\$ 5,617	\$ (3,638)	\$ 4,634	\$ 3,870	\$ 3,983,032 37,695
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	72,700 31,000
5,617	(3,638)	4,634	3,870	4,124,427
\$ 5,617	\$ (3,638)	\$ 4,634	\$ 3,870	\$ 4,124,427
\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 198,258 28
-		-	-	198,286
				32,873
-	-	-	-	-
5,617	(3,638)	4,634	3,870	3,893,296 (28)
5,617	(3,638)	4,634	3,870	3,893,268
\$ 5,617	\$ (3,638)	\$ 4,634	\$ 3,870	\$ 4,124,427



_	Airport	County Fair	Crime Defense Reserve	Health District
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	7,109 \$	172,919	\$ - \$	224,451
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	- .		26,744	
TOTAL REVENUES	7,109	172,919	26,744	224,451
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	_	-	-
Public safety	-	-	13,372	-
Public works	7,000	-	-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-	-	-	222,473
Culture and recreation	-	261,127	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Conservation and economic development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principle retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,000	261,127	13,372	222,473
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	109	(88,208)	13,372	1,978
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Other sources	-	_	-	-
Statutory transfers in	-	_	-	-
Statutory transfers out		-		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES				
SOURCES (USES)		<u>-</u> _		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	109	(88,208)	13,372	1,978
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021	215	96,911		27,042
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022 \$	324 \$	8,703	\$ <u>13,372</u> \$	29,020

-	Special Road and Bridge	 Consolidated Elections		Indigent	Junior College
REVENUES					
Taxes \$	697,880	\$ -	\$	41,066 \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-		_	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	101,588		-	57,487
Charges for services	-	-		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-	-
Investment earnings	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	-	 -		95,450	
TOTAL REVENUES	697,880	 101,588		136,516	57,487
EXPENDITURES					
General government	-	148,211		_	_
Public safety	-	-		_	-
Public works	672,717	-		_	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-	-		109,141	-
Culture and recreation	-	-		-	-
Education	-	-		-	50,850
Conservation and economic development Debt service:	-	-		-	-
Principle retirement	-	-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-	-
Capital outlay	-	 -			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	672,717	 148,211		109,141	50,850
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	25,163	(46,623)		27,375	6,637
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)					
Other sources	-	-		-	-
Statutory transfers in	-	-		-	-
Statutory transfers out	-	 -		(556,547)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES				(556 547)	
SOURCES (USES)	-	 -		(556,547)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures and other uses	25,163	(46,623)		(529,172)	6,637
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021	72,346	 412,337		557,227	36,620
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022 \$	97,509	\$ 365,714	\$_	28,055 \$	43,257

-	Parks and Recreation	Revaluation	Senior Citizens	Tort Liability	Veteran's Memorial Maintenance	Weeds
\$	- \$	294,432 \$	- \$	182,138 \$	3,443	\$ 284,577
	- - 118,356	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -
	231,808	- - 225	- - -	- - -	- - -	60,000
-	350,164	294,657		182,138	3,443	344,577
	- -	345,267	- -	205,163	- -	- -
	- - 303,120	-	- -	-	- - 2.500	- -
	303,120 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,500	506,693
	-	- -	- -	-	-	-
-	16,537	-	- -	-		
-	319,657	345,267	<u> </u>	205,163	3,500	506,693
	30,507	(50,610)	-	(23,025)	(57)	(162,116)
_	- - -	3,400	- - -	- - -	- - -	50,000
_		3,400				50,000
	30,507	(47,210)	-	(23,025)	(57)	(112,116)
_	297,662	48,011	9,159	77,782	1,175	115,980
\$_	328,169 \$	801 \$	9,159 \$	54,757 \$	1,118	\$ 3,864

_	Special Highway		Waterways	Sheriff's Emergency Communications	Payment in Lieu of Taxes
REVENUES					
Taxes \$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-	-	589,787
Charges for services	-		-	444,188	-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-	-	-
Investment earnings	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	-		26,458	·	
TOTAL REVENUES	-		26,458	444,188	589,787
EXPENDITURES					
General government	-		-	-	-
Public safety	-		-	352,932	-
Public works	-		-	-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-		24,441	-	-
Education	-		-	-	-
Conservation and economic development Debt service:	-		-	-	-
Principle retirement	-		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay	-		-	<u> </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_		24,441	352,932	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	-		2,017	91,256	589,787
•			,	,	,
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)					
Other sources	-		-	-	-
Statutory transfers in	-		-	-	-
Statutory transfers out	-		-	·	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES SOURCES (USES)	-		-	. <u> </u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures and other uses	-		2,017	91,256	589,787
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021	21		120,964	655,968	1,188,667
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022 \$	21	\$_	122,981	\$ 747,224 \$	1,778,454

-	Victim Coordinator Grant	Sheriff's Highway Safety Grant	Jefferson County Economic Development	Capital Improvement	Opioid Settlement	Public Defense Grant
\$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	- 5	-	\$ -
	-	-	-	- -	30,266	- -
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				101,974
-	<u> </u>				30,266	101,974
	-	-	-	-	-	14,836
	-	241	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-					
-		241				14,836
	-	(241)	-	-	30,266	87,138
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
-						
-	-					
	-	(241)	-	-	30,266	87,138
_	988	213	89			
\$	988 \$	(28)	\$ 89 \$		30,266	\$ 87,138

-	Interlock Monitoring	Federal Emergency Training	Jump Court Mental Health	Juvenile Drug Court
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	1,239	956
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	_
Miscellaneous and contributions	914	-		
TOTAL REVENUES	914		1,239	956
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	-	3,359	-
Public safety	2,207	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-	-	-	_
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	_
Education	-	-	-	_
Conservation and economic development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principle retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	- -			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,207		3,359	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,293)	-	(2,120)	956
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Other sources	_	_	_	_
Statutory transfers in	_	_	_	_
Statutory transfers out	<u>-</u>			-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES SOURCES (USES)	S <u>-</u> -		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	(1,293)	-	(2,120)	956
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021	11,003	1,572	66,403	55,309
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022 \$	9,710 \$	1,572 \$	64,283 \$	56,265

Range Improvement	Revolving Weed	Dare Grant			-	Totals
\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	1,908,015
-	- -	6,800		270		270 785,928
- -	51,283	0,800				616,022
-	-	-		-		-
-	-	-		-		_
2,726	<u>-</u>				-	546,299
2,726	51,283	6,800	<u> </u>	270	_	3,856,534
-	-	-		_		716,836
-	-	8,772		25		377,549
-	-	-		-		679,717
-	-	-		-		331,614
-	-	-		-		592,188
-	-	-		-		50,850
2,324	70,026	-		-		579,043
-	-	-		-		-
-	-	-		-		16.527
-	-		_		-	16,537
2,324	70,026	8,772		25	-	3,344,334
402	(18,743)	(1,972)		245		512,200
-	-	-		-		-
-	-	-		-		53,400
- -	(50,000)			-	-	(606,547)
<u>-</u> -	(50,000)				-	(553,147)
402	(68,743)	(1,972)		245		(40,947)
5,215	65,105	6,606		3,625	_	3,934,215
\$ 5,617 \$	(3,638) \$	4,634	\$	3,870	\$_	3,893,268

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Debt Service Fund	Totals
ASSETS		
Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable	\$ - \$ -	<u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	
LIABILITIES		
Warrants payable Due to other funds	\$ - \$ -	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	-	-
Restricted	-	-
Assigned	-	-
Unassigned		
	\$ \$	

	Debt Service	
	Fund	Totals
REVENUES		
Taxes \$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-
Investment earnings	_	-
Miscellaneous and contributions		<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUES		<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES		
General government	-	-
Public safety	-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-	-
Public works	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-
Education	-	-
Conservation and economic development	-	-
Debt service:		
Principle retirement	305,000	305,000
Interest and fiscal charges	164,594	164,594
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	469,594	469,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	(469,594)	(469,594)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)		
Statutory transfers in	469,594	469,594
Statutory transfers out		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL		
SOURCES (USES)	469,594	469,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	-	-
Fund Balances, October 1, 2021		
FUND BALANCES, September 30, 2022 \$		\$

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2022

	_	Auditor's Trust		Unclaimed Property Trust		Magistrate Odyssey Trust	 District Court Trust
ASSETS							
Cash - County Treasurer	\$ _	300	. \$	34,857	. \$.	77,889	\$ 61,058
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	300	\$	34,857	\$	77,889	\$ 61,058
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable Negative cash	\$ _	-	\$	-	\$	73,588	\$ - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	-		-		73,588	
NET POSITION	_	300		34,857		4,301	 61,058
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ _	300	\$	34,857	\$	77,889	\$ 61,058

-	Magistrate Court Trust		Medical Insurance Trust	 Sheriff's Revolving Trust		Driver's License Trust	Concealed Weapons Trust	Public Administrator Trust
\$.	817,214		-	\$ 33,257	\$	23,746	\$ 7,620	\$
\$	817,214	\$	-	\$ 33,257	\$	23,746	\$ 7,620	\$
\$	2,452	\$	-	\$ 568	\$	19,642	\$ 1,189	\$ -
•			<u> </u>	-		10.642	1 100	
-	2,452		-	 568		19,642	1,189	
-	814,762	,	-	 32,689	,	4,104	6,431	
\$	817,214	\$	-	\$ 33,257	\$	23,746	\$ 7,620	\$

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2022

	_	Motor Vehicle Trust		Impact Fees Trust		Building Permit Trust	 Tax Deed Property Trust
ASSETS							
Cash - County Treasurer	\$ _	452,201	\$.	490,761	. \$ _	780	\$ 75
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	452,201	\$	490,761	\$ =	780	\$ 75
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable Negative cash	\$ _	398,950	\$ 	-	\$ 	780	\$
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	398,950		-		780	
NET POSITION	_	53,251		490,761		-	 75
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ _	452,201	\$	490,761	\$ _	780	\$ 75

		Sheriff's		
Unapportioned		Accounts		
Tax Trust		Trust		Totals
\$ 264,101	\$	188,225	\$	2,452,084
\$ 264,101	\$	188,225	\$	2,452,084
\$ -	\$	_	\$	497,169
-		_		, -
-		_		497,169
				<u> </u>
264,101		188,225		1,954,915
				 _
\$ 264,101	\$	188,225	\$	2,452,084
	-		. *	, - ,

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

•	Auditor's Trust	_	Unclaimed Property Trust	 Magistrate Odyssey Trust	_	District Court Trust
ADDITIONS						
Taxes \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-	-		-
Charges for services	-		-	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-	690,838		788
Investment earnings	-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous and contributions	232,240	-	5,892	 -	_	33
TOTAL ADDITIONS	232,240	-	5,892	 690,838	_	821
DEDUCTIONS						
General government	-		-	-		-
Public safety	-		-	-		-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-	-		-
Public works	-		-	-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-	-		-
Conservation and economic development	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental expenditures	-		-	-		-
Sanitation	-		-	-		-
Education	-		-	-		-
Trust remittance	232,240	-	-	 688,815	_	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	232,240	_	-	 688,815	_	
Excess (deficiency) of additions						
over deductions	-		5,892	2,023		821
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)						
Statutory transfers in	-		_	-		-
Statutory transfers out	(74,192)	_	-	 -	_	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL						
SOURCES (USES	(74,192)	_	-	 -	_	
Excess (deficiency) of additions						
over deductions and other uses	(74,192)		5,892	2,023		821
Net Position, October 1, 2021	74,492	_	28,965	 2,278		60,237
NET POSITION, September 30, 2022 \$	300	\$	34,857	\$ 4,301	\$_	61,058

-	Magistrate Court Trust	Medical Insurance Trust	Sheriff's Revolving Trust	Driver's License Trust	Concealed Weapons Trust	Public Administrator Trust
\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- 258,717	\$ - 21,554	\$ - -
	-	-	- -	-	-	-
	935,982	-	-	-	-	-
-	- -	<u> </u>	7,501	<u>-</u>		
-	935,982		7,501	258,717	21,554	
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	- -	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	182,606	446	6,175	258,093	21,169	
-	182,606	446	6,175	258,093	21,169	
	753,376	(446)	1,326	624	385	-
_	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	-	-	-	-	-	-
-						
	753,376	(446)	1,326	624	385	-
_	61,386	446	31,363	3,480	6,046	
\$	814,762 \$	- \$	32,689 \$	4,104	\$ 6,431	\$

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

-	Motor Vehicle Trust	-	Impact Fees Trust	_	Building Permit Trust	Tax Deed Property Trust
ADDITIONS						
Taxes \$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		32,876	-
Charges for services	-		-		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-	-
Investment earnings	-		-		-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	5,088,825		161,760	-		
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,088,825	-	161,760	_	32,876	
DEDUCTIONS						
General government	-		-		-	-
Public safety	-		-		-	-
Health, welfare and sanitation	-		-		-	-
Public works	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	-
Conservation and economic development	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental expenditures	-		_		-	-
Sanitation	-		-		-	-
Education	-		-		-	-
Trust remittance	5,041,192		405,800	-	33,795	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	5,041,192	-	405,800	_	33,795	
Excess (deficiency) of additions						
over deductions	47,633		(244,040)		(919)	-
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)						
Statutory transfers in	-		-		-	-
Statutory transfers out	-	-		-	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES	<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u> _	
Excess (deficiency) of additions						
over deductions and other uses	47,633		(244,040)		(919)	-
Net Position, October 1, 2021	5,618	-	734,801	_	919	75
NET POSITION, September 30, 2022 \$ _	53,251	\$	490,761	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$ 75

Unapportioned Tax Trust	Sheriff's Accounts Trust	Totals
\$ - - - - 2,457	\$ - - - -	\$ 280,271 32,876 - 1,627,608 2,457
23,826,386	199,436	29,522,073
23,828,843	199,436	31,465,285
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
23,770,905	175,817	30,817,053
23,770,905	175,817	30,817,053
57,938	23,619	648,232
<u>-</u>	- -	(74,192)
		 (74,192)
57,938	23,619	574,040
206,163	164,606	1,380,875
\$ 264,101	\$ 188,225	\$ 1,954,915





For the Year Ended September 30, 2022					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE
CURRENT EXPENSE	_		-		`
Clerk/Auditor					
Salaries	\$	227,081	\$	227,400	\$ (319)
Travel		3,000		3,232	(232)
Supplies		9,500		4,626	4,874
Utilities		600		600	-
Professional services		1,200		-	1,200
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		186	814
Dues & memberships		350		150	200
Postage		-		-	-
Subscriptions		-		-	-
Miscellaneous		-		-	-
Capital outlay	_	2,000	_	-	2,000
Department totals	_	244,731		236,194	8,537
Assessor					
Salaries		372,808		341,253	31,555
Travel		4,000		3,214	786
Supplies		5,100		3,943	1,157
Utilities		-		-	-
Postage		-		-	-
Vehicles		1,500		282	1,218
Capital outlay	_	34,000		2,594	31,406
Department totals	_	417,408	_	351,286	66,122
Treasurer/Tax Collector					
Salaries		125,362		114,025	11,337
Travel		2,700		2,099	601
Supplies		1,500		1,063	437
Title searches/tax deeding		1,500		880	620
Utilities		-		-	-
Repairs and maintenance		300		-	300
Dues & memberships		300		250	50
Postage		250		254	(4)
Printing		2,500		1,766	734
Subscriptions		3,075		900	2,175
Miscellaneous		1,500		154	1,346
Capital outlay	_	500	_	195	305
Department Totals	\$_	139,487	\$_	121,586	\$ 17,901

•		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-	DODGET	-	ACTUAL	(ONTAVORABLE)
Commissioners					
Salaries	\$	133,009	\$	132,548	\$ 461
Travel		7,500		6,238	1,262
Supplies		1,000		105	895
Techology		-		-	-
Transcription		500		_	500
Employee recognition		4,000		2,993	1,007
Cloud seeding		5,000		5,635	(635)
Cell phone		0		-	` -
Utilities		0		_	-
Professional services		30,000		3,750	26,250
Contingency account		-		-	-
Dues & memberships		10,000		9,070	930
Publications		5,000		3,905	1,095
Miscellaneous		1,000		499	501
Education		-		_	-
Capital outlay	_	1,000	_		1,000
Department Totals	_	198,009	_	164,743	33,266
Coroner					
Salaries		11,810		10,525	1,285
Travel		500		466	34
Dues & memberships		250		250	-
Miscellaneous		2,900		350	2,550
Coroner - laboratory		1,000		2,672	(1,672)
Coroner - autopsies		9,633		2,772	6,861
Coroner - jury & witnesses	_	120	-	-	120
Department Totals	_	26,213	_	17,035	9,178
Prosecuting Attorney					
Salaries		400,259		397,558	2,701
Personnel benefits		-		-	-
Travel		5,000		5,557	(557)
Supplies		6,500		2,763	3,737
Utilities		1,600		896	704
Professional services		92,300		40,770	51,530
Repairs and maintenance Rent		2,000		609	1,391
Dues & memberships		3,500		925	2,575
Subscriptions		5,200		4,974	226
Postage		200		-,-,-	200
Miscellaneous				_	
Contract labor		_		_	-
Capital outlay	_	5,000	_		5,000
	\$_	521,559	\$	454,052	\$ 67,507

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-	BUDGET	-	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Public Defender					
Salaries	\$	196,766	\$	128,916	\$ 67,850
Travel	Ψ	2,000	Ψ	1,135	865
Supplies		3,500		629	2,871
Professional services		128,500		109,355	19,145
Dues and memberships		3,400		2,869	531
Transcripts	_	5,000		2,007	5,000
Department Totals	_	339,166		242,904	96,262
Building & Grounds					
Salaries		132,486		119,018	13,468
Supplies		25,000		21,515	3,485
Utilities		76,000		74,196	1,804
Repairs and maintenance		87,500		69,234	18,266
Miscellaneous		9,000		5,461	3,539
Contract labor	_	-		-	
Department Totals	_	384,986		336,876	34,642
Civil Defense					
Salaries		36,050		35,344	706
Personnel benefits		6,856		-	6,856
Travel		5,000		4,971	29
Supplies		1,000		876	124
Cell phone		1,200		1,078	122
Unfunded grant		60,000		61,626	(1,626)
M & A		50,000		4,885	45,115
Planning		5,000		-	5,000
Projects		-,		_	-,
Miscellaneous		_		_	_
Education	_	-		-	-
Department Totals	_	165,106		108,780	56,326
County Agent					
Salaries		73,310		74,769	(1,459)
Travel		11,000		8,737	2,263
Supplies		7,800		8,196	(396)
Cell phone and internet		2,700		1,369	1,331
Utilities		-		-	· -
Vehicles		7,200		7,445	(245)
Miscellaneous		2,000		1,934	66
Capital outlay	_	8,000		7,000	1,000
Department Totals	\$_	112,010	\$	109,450	\$

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	_	BUDGET	 ACTUAL	J)	JNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)					
Data Processing					
Salaries		143,971	143,968		3
Travel		3,000	1,833		1,167
Supplies		19,000	16,569		2,431
Utilities		5,000	2,277		2,723
Professional development		6,000	782		5,218
Repairs and maintenance		62,000	40,205		21,795
Miscellaneous		277,000	257,688		19,312
Contracts - computer services	-	85,000	87,080		(2,080)
Department Totals	\$ _	600,971	\$ 550,402	\$	50,569
Elections					
Salaries	\$	14,949	\$ -	\$	14,949
Travel		2,000	694		1,306
Supplies		12,000	9,003		2,997
Repairs and maintenance		6,500	5,700		800
Rent/lease - buildings		-	-		-
Postage		-	10		(10)
Printing		30,000	18,615		11,385
Publication		3,000	1,999		1,001
Miscellaneous		3,000	1,124		1,876
Contracts - labor		40,000	24,833		15,167
Capital outlay	_	40,000	2,090		37,910
Department Totals	_	151,449	 64,068		87,381
GIS Mapping					
Salary - deputies		43,769	40,629		3,140
Travel		3,000	526		2,474
Repairs and maintenance		2,500	751		1,749
Supplies		500	236		264
Software		49,000	39,127		9,873
Miscellaneous		58,500	60,405		(1,905)
Contracts - labor		4,200	4,200		-
Capital outlay	_	6,000	 -		6,000
Department Totals	\$ _	167,469	\$ 145,874	\$	21,595

						ARIANCE VORABLE
	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UN	FAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)						
General						
Personnel benefits		920,065		907,268		12,797
Supplies		6,000		5,580		420
Insurance		-		-		-
Utilities		30,000		22,284		7,716
Programs		25,220		22,116		3,104
Professional services		39,000		35,575		3,425
Rent		4,000		976		3,024
Contingency		200,000		30,857		169,143
Postage		50,000		49,293		707
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		481		519
Miscellaneous		74,300		61,562		12,738
Contracts		278,980		279,475		(495)
Capital outlay	-	25,000		12,823	_	12,177
Department Totals	\$ _	1,653,565	\$	1,428,290	\$	225,275
Planning and Zoning						
Salaries	\$	366,619	\$	362,594	\$	4,025
Travel		7,000		2,281		4,719
Supplies		6,000		2,592		3,408
Utilities		-		-		-
Vehicles		6,500		5,317		1,183
Program fees/map editing		10,000		5,130		4,870
Dues & memberships		2,000		521		1,479
Postage		-		-		-
Printing		5,000		1,247		3,753
Publications		8,500		4,399		4,101
Repairs and maintenance		4,000		1,541		2,459
Miscellaneous		15,000		7,575		7,425
Education		10,000		1,269		8,731
Professional services		40,000		41,335		(1,335)
Contracts - Other		15,000		4,975		10,025
Capital outlay	-	17,250		14,343	_	2,907
Department Totals	_	512,869	•	455,119		57,750
Veterans Service Officer						
Salaries		-		-		-
Travel		1,000		671		329
Supplies		700		544		156
Utilities		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-	400			_	400
Department Totals	-	2,100		1,215		885
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENSE	\$ _	5,637,098	\$	4,787,874	\$	835,756

VARIANCE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022						VARIANCE AVORABLE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		NFAVORABLE)
ROAD AND BRIDGE	_	<u> </u>	-	- ACTORE	(01	THY ORTHOLES
Salaries	\$	1,108,087	\$	1,043,363	\$	64,724
Personnel benefits		469,603		530,607		(61,004)
Travel		3,000		2,155		845
Supplies		163,000		183,068		(20,068)
Cloud seeding		-		-		-
Utilities		41,000		44,924		(3,924)
Vehicles		415,000		652,655		(237,655)
Dues & memberships		1,200		670		530
Professional services		25,000		15,000		10,000
Repairs and maintenance		303,000		276,482		26,518
Rent		25,000		1,666		23,334
Advertising		-		-		-
Printing		-		-		-
Publications		1,000		5,735		(4,735)
Software		5,000		8,800		(3,800)
Miscellaneous		758,000		685,347		72,653
Drug testing		2,600		1,820		780
Uniforms		8,000		10,577		(2,577)
Education		4,000		4,340		(340)
Crushed rock / gravel		5,000		10		4,990
Road oil		4,400,000		513,400		3,886,600
Signs		2,000		4,718		(2,718)
Paint		20,000		20,778		(778)
Culverts		3,000		4,895		(1,895)
Other construction material		5,000		17,942		(12,942)
Impact fees		80,000		-		80,000
Dry cleaning and laundry		4,500		5,820		(1,320)
Capital outlay	_	511,400	_	283,647	_	227,753
Total Road and Bridge	\$ _	8,363,390	\$_	4,318,419	\$_	4,044,971
AIRPORT						
Rigby Airport	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	-
Mud Lake Airport		3,500		3,500		-
Miscellaneous expense	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	<u>-</u>
Total Airport	\$_	7,000	\$_	7,000	\$_	

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		BUDGET		ACTUAL	FA	ARIANCE VORABLE FAVORABLE)
DISTRICT COURT	-		-		` —	
District Court						
Salaries	\$	278,921	\$	264,935	\$	13,986
Personnel benefits		130,819		147,760		(16,941)
Travel		3,000		2,975		25
Supplies		6,000		6,070		(70)
Uniforms		-		-		-
Bi-electric monitoring		-		-		-
Background check		-		-		-
Informal probation		-		-		-
Cell phone		1,000		660		340
Lottery money - juvenile		-		-		-
Utilities		3,500		3,310		190
Vehicles		-		-		-
Professional services		26,500		21,920		4,580
Repairs and maintenance		4,000		2,348		1,652
Rent/lease - buildings		-		-		-
Dues & memberships		250		-		250
Law library		2,000		1,980		20
Postage		-		-		-
Printing		300		199		101
Adult alcohol education		-		-		-
Juvenile tobacco education		-		-		-
Transcripts		3,000		185		2,815
5C Detention Center		531,264		531,264		-
Tri-County		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		10,900		11,607		(707)
Jury - witness fees		20,000		871		19,129
District judge cost sharing		32,280		32,280		-
Court administration		15,584		15,234		350
Drug testing		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	4,000	-	2,118	_	1,882
Total District Court	\$_	1,073,318	\$	1,045,716	\$	27,602

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022						VARIANCE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
DISTRICT COURT (Continued)	-		_		• •	
Probation						
Salaries	\$	370,555	\$	345,117	\$	25,438
Personnel benefits		163,558		154,309		9,249
Travel		4,000		2,644		1,356
Supplies		9,000		2,389		6,611
Uniforms		3,000		379		2,621
Bi-electric monitoring		2,000		-		2,000
Cell phone		5,500		5,061		439
Lottery money - juvenile		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		2,200		2,226		(26)
Utilities		-		-		-
Vehicles		3,000		-		3,000
Professional services		1,000		-		1,000
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		-		1,000
Rent/lease - buildings		-		-		-
Dues & memberships		500		285		215
Postage		-		-		-
Printing		600		-		600
Adult alcohol education		3,000		788		2,212
Juvenile tobacco education		3,000		391		2,609
Drug court manager		-		-		-
Drug testing		29,000		21,296		7,704
Tri-County		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	13,000	_	-		13,000
Total Probation	_	613,913	_	534,885		79,028
Total District Court Fund	\$ =	1,687,231	\$ _	1,580,601	\$ =	106,630
COUNTY FAIR						
Salaries	\$	2,122	\$	2,122	\$	-
Personnel benefits		400		230		170
Weed control		-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance		54,365		54,365		-
Miscellaneous		45,320		45,320		-
County Fair Grants		-		-		-
Eastern Idaho State Fair		3,000		3,000		-
Capital outlay	-	156,090	_	156,090		-
Total County Fair	\$_	261,297	\$_	261,127	\$_	170

				FAVORABLE
		BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
JUSTICE FUND	_			,
General				
Reserve Emergency	\$ _	-	\$	- \$
Department total	_			<u> </u>
Sheriff				
Salaries		2,028,758	1,974,336	54,422
Personnel benefits		844,725	958,636	(113,911)
Travel		3,500	284	3,216
Supplies		40,000	6,878	33,122
Utilities		134,000	148,598	(14,598)
Vehicles		135,000	124,696	10,304
Professional services		-	-	-
Repairs and maintenance		15,000	8,196	6,804
Vehicles towed as evidence		1,000	-	1,000
Dues and memberships		12,200	8,987	3,213
Photography		700	-	700
Postage		200	130	70
Publications		300	126	174
Search and rescue		700	43	657
Investigation		2,000	1,761	239
Uniforms		35,000	35,796	(796)
Education		83,100	71,275	11,825
Contracts		-	-	-
Capital outlay	_	155,500	6,118	149,382
Department total	_	3,491,683	3,345,860	145,823
Jail				
Salaries		1,322,375	1,268,687	53,688
Personnel benefits		605,200	583,496	21,704
Jail - janitorial		0	0	-
Jail - food		290,000	372,891	(82,891)
Jail - clothing		-	-	-
Jail - medical, hosptials, etc.		260,100	232,906	27,194
Jail - repairs		30,000	28,988	1,012
Jail - supplies		70,000	82,640	(12,640)
Jail - exercise facility		-	-	-
Prisoner - housing		1,500	-	1,500
Prisoner extradition		5,000	1,713	3,287
Capital outlay	_	40,000	39,693	307
Department total	_	2,624,175	2,611,014	13,161
Total Justice Fund	\$	6,115,858	\$ 5,956,874	\$ 158,984

VARIANCE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CRIME DEFENSE RESERVE	_	BUDGET	-	ACTUAL	(01	MAY OKABLE)
Professional services	\$	13,128	\$_	13,372	\$_	(244)
Total Crime Defense Reserve	\$ _	13,128	\$ _	13,372	\$ =	(244)
HEALTH DISTRICT						
Supplies	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
Miscellaneous expenses	_	222,173	-	222,473	-	(300)
Total Health District	\$	222,173	\$ _	222,473	\$=	(300)
SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE						
Crushed rock and gravel	\$	200,000	\$	13,127	\$	186,873
Grant		-		-		-
Right of way/Spraying Road oil		400,000		513,891		(112 901)
Signs		55,000		64,753		(113,891) (9,753)
Culverts		20,000		28,146		(8,146)
Other construction materials		80,000		52,800		27,200
Capital outlay	_	120,000	_	<u> </u>	_	120,000
Total Special Road and Bridge	\$	875,000	\$ _	672,717	\$ _	202,283
CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS						
Salaries	\$	81,065	\$	65,738	\$	15,327
Personnel benefits		37,572		35,747		1,825
Travel		2,500		-		2,500
Supplies		10,000		1,367		8,633
Repairs and maintenance		8,000		17.504		8,000
Contracts Miscellaneous		20,000 3,000		17,594 3,229		2,406 (229)
Capital outlay		30,000		24,536		5,464
	_		_		_	
Total Consolidated Elections	\$	192,137	\$ _	148,211	\$ =	43,926

INDIGENT AID	_	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE YAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
Salaries	\$	14,716	\$	14,716	\$	-
Personnel benefits	Ψ	9,480	Ψ	9,550	Ψ	(70)
Travel		1,000		-		1,000
Supplies		250		_		250
Jail - medical		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		-		500
Medical		100,000		26,002		73,998
Professional services		26,000		3,525		22,475
Cat Fund reimbursements		60,000		52,767		7,233
Non-medical		14,500		2,581		11,919
Public defender	_	-	_	-	_	-
Total Indigent Aid	\$_	226,446	\$_	109,141	\$ _	117,305
JUNIOR COLLEGE TUITION						
Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Education	_	100,000	_	50,850	_	49,150
Total Junior College Trust	\$=	100,000	\$ _	50,850	\$_	49,150
PARKS AND RECREATION						
Salaries	\$	129,999	\$	96,868	\$	33,131
Personnel benefits		25,790		24,756		1,034
Cell phones		1,620		3,496		(1,876)
Weed control		-		2,227		(2,227)
Supplies		9,000		10,676		(1,676)
Utilities		11,500		13,093		(1,593)
Professional contracts		4,350		4,319		31
Repairs and maintenance		57,800		53,911		3,889
Miscellaneous		82,800		61,312		21,488
Park development		50,000		-		50,000
Signs		1,000		1,064		(64)
Special events		23,000		23,025		(25)
Capital outlay	_	31,000	-	17,287	-	13,713
Total Parks and Recreation	\$=	427,859	\$ =	312,034	\$ =	115,825
SENIOR CITIZEN						
Vehicles	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Rent / lease - buildings	_		_		_	-
Total Senior Citizen	\$_		\$ _		\$ =	

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
REVALUATION	_		-		. (
Salaries	\$	252,908	\$	213,694	\$	39,214
Personnel benefits		94,405		94,025		380
Travel		11,500		11,866		(366)
Supplies Vehicles		5,000		4,035		965
		3,000		1,184		1,816
Cell phones Miscellaneous		1,700		1,374 204		326
		1,000				796
Contracts		20,000		18,885		1,115
Capital Outlay	_	3,000	-	-	-	3,000
Total Revaluation	\$_	392,513	\$ _	345,267	\$ _	47,246
SOLID WASTE						
Salaries	\$	437,480	\$	439,008	\$	(1,528)
Personnel benefits		210,309		237,090		(26,781)
Grants		-		-		-
Travel		3,000		_		3,000
Weed control		-		-		-
Supplies		54,000		54,437		(437)
Utilities		26,000		22,634		3,366
Vehicles		170,000		173,124		(3,124)
Professional services		60,000		59,790		210
Landfill development		2,040,000		91,526		1,948,474
Repairs and maintenance		65,000		89,036		(24,036)
Contracts		10,000		-		10,000
Rent/lease - heavy equipment		20,000		458		19,542
Dues and licenses		5,000		3,242		1,758
Miscellaneous		8,000		7,756		244
Dry cleaning & laundry		3,000		1,559		1,441
Fence & sign maintenance		3,000		1,093		1,907
Tire disposal		6,000		18,356		(12,356)
Capital outlay	_	898,000	_	786,187	_	111,813
Total Solid Waste	\$_	4,018,789	\$_	1,985,296	\$ _	2,033,493
TORT LIABILITY						
Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Tort - deductibles		-		-		-
Tort - premiums	_	205,161	_	205,163	· _	(2)
Total Tort Liability	\$_	205,161	\$_	205,163	. \$_	(2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022					F	ARIANCE AVORABLE
VETERAN'S MEMORIAL MAINTENANCE	_	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	(UN	FAVORABLE)
Repairs and maintenance	\$	3,500	\$_	3,500	\$	
Total Veteran's Memorial Maintenance	\$	3,500	\$_	3,500	\$_	
WEEDS						
Salaries	\$	239,003	\$	204,314	\$	34,689
Personnel benefits		98,228		83,089		15,139
Travel		5,000		2,947		2,053
Supplies		12,000		6,817		5,183
Utilities		13,520		14,911		(1,391)
Vehicles		20,000		13,107		6,893
Repairs and maintenance		24,500		18,874		5,626
Dues & memberships		400		289		111
Postage		500		343		157
Publications		2,500		547		1,953
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,963		(963)
Chemicals		60,000		72,335		(12,335)
Spraying		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	111,000	_	86,157	_	24,843
Total Weeds	\$_	588,651	\$_	506,693	\$_	81,958
SPECIAL HIGHWAY						
Professional services	\$		\$_		\$_	
Total Special Highway	\$		\$_		\$_	
WATERWAYS						
Salaries	\$	4,635	\$	3,615	\$	1,020
Personnel benefits		1,180		785		395
Miscellaneous		50,000		20,041		29,959
Capital outlay			_	-	_	
Total Waterways	\$	55,815	\$_	24,441	\$_	31,374
SHERIFF'S EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION						
Salaries	\$	80,994	\$	75,839	\$	5,155
Personnel benefits		46,007		33,387		12,620
Education		10,000		4,575		5,425
Capital outlay	_	340,000	_	239,131	_	100,869
Total Sheriff's Emergency Communication	\$	477,001	\$_	352,932	\$_	124,069

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		BUDGET		ACTUAL	FA	ARIANCE AVORABLE (FAVORABLE)
DEBT SERVICE FUND			_			
Courthouse payment	\$	475,000	\$_	469,594	\$_	5,406
Total Debt Service	\$	475,000	\$_	469,594	\$_	5,406
PAYMENT IN LIEU						
Landfill development Sheriff - exercise facility Handicap facility Miscellaneous	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Capital improvement Capital outlay	_	500,000	_	- -	_	500,000
Total Payment in Lieu	\$	500,000	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$_	500,000
VICTIM COORDINATOR GRANT						
Salaries Personnel benefits Miscellaneous	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total Victim Coordinator Grant	\$	_	\$ _		\$_	<u>-</u>
SHERIFF'S HIGHWAY SAFETY GRANT						
Salaries Personnel benefits Miscellaneous	\$	21,630 4,531	\$	241	\$	21,630 4,290
Total Sheriff's Highway Safety Grant	\$	26,161	\$_	241	\$_	25,920

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022						WARIANCE.
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
JEFFERSON COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPME	NT					
Salaries	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Personnel benefits	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Utilities		-		-		-
Postage		-		-		-
Equipment		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_		-		-	-
Total Jefferson County Economic Development	\$=	-	\$ =	-	\$_	-
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND						
Capital outlay	\$_		\$_		\$_	
Total Capital Improvement Fund	\$_	_	\$_		\$_	
AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN (ARPA)						
Miscellaneous	\$_	5,800,000	\$_	398,221	\$_	5,401,779
Total American Rescue Plan	\$_	5,800,000	\$_	398,221	\$_	5,401,779
PUBLIC DEFENSE GRANT						
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$_	14,836	\$_	(14,836)
Total Public Defense Grant	\$_	-	\$_	14,836	\$_	(14,836)
INTERLOCK MONITORING						
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$_	2,207	\$_	(2,207)
Total Interlock Monitoring	\$	-	\$	2,207	\$	(2,207)
JUMP COURT MENTAL HEALTH	_		=		=	
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$_	3,359	\$_	(3,359)
Total Jump Court Mental Health	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	3,359	\$_	(3,359)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022	_	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
JUVENILE DRUG COURT						
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>
Total Juvenile Drug Court	\$_		\$_		\$_	-
FEDERAL EMERGENCY TRAINING						
Salaries Personnel benefits	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$_	- -
Total Federal Emergency Training	\$_	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	-
RANGE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT						
Miscellaneous Range improvement district	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$_	2,324	\$	(2,324)
Total Range Improvement District	\$_		\$_	2,324	\$	(2,324)
REVOLVING WEED						
Miscellaneous Capital outlay	\$	-	\$_	70,026	\$_	(70,026)
Total Revolving Weed	\$_		\$_	70,026	\$_	(70,026)
DARE GRANT						
Salary - employee, full time Personnel benefits Travel	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- - -
Supplies Equipment		-		8,772		(8,772)
Miscellaneous Capital outlay		- -	_	- -	_	- -
Total Dare Grant	\$_		\$_	8,772	\$_	(8,772)
YOUTH PLATE						
Miscellaneous	\$	- _	\$_	25	\$_	(25)
Total Revolving Weed	\$_		\$_	25	\$_	(25)
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE	\$_	31,034,110	\$_	18,045,716	\$_	12,988,394
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$_	36,671,208	\$_	22,833,590	\$_	13,824,150

JEFFERSON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total expenditures - budgetary basis	\$	22,833,590
Expenditures reclassified as transfers		-
Capital outlays purchased with proceeds from long-term	deb	-
Capital outlays from sale of assets		-
Trust account purchase of capital outlay		-
Bond interest expense paid from interest revenue		-
Prepaid expenses reclassified as expenditures		
Expenditures paid by outside sources		-
Expenditures netted against revenues		7,623
Total expenditures - GAAP basis	\$	22,841,213



Gerald W. Searle, CPA Farrell J. Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA Joshua R, Searle, CPA William L. Tanner Jr., CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Jefferson County, Idaho Rigby, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jefferson County, Idaho's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jefferson County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson County, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson County, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control, as defined above, that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jefferson County, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Idaho Falls, Idaho March 20, 2023

Searle Hart à associates, PLLC